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Income Tax T.D.C. Part III

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① For the previous year 2016-17 the business income of Hazela Limited before allowing expenditure on family planning is RS 800,000. The company had incurred the following expenditure on family planning amongst its employee during the previous year 2016-17.

- ① Revenue ~~Income~~ expenses on family planning RS - 4,40,000
- ② Capital expenditure on family planning RS. 20,00,000

Compute the deduction available for expenditure on family planning to the Company. Assuming the Company has income from other sources amounting to 80,000.

Solution Profit before deduction of expenditure on family planning. 8,00,000

① (-) Revenue expenses 4,40,000

② (-) Capital expenditure ~~is~~ 20,00,000 i.e. (1/5) of 400,000 but allowed to the extent of business income

800,000 - 4,40,000 = 360,000

Nil - 800,000

P.T.O

Business Income. Nil.

Income from other sources - 80000

(-) unabsorbed capital expenditure on family planning

(500000 - 360000) = 140000

80000	Nil.
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Gross Total Income

Balance of unabsorbed capital expenditure on family planning

140000 - 80000 = 60000

Note - unabsorbed capital expenditure on family planning will be carried as ~~absorbed~~ unabsorbed depreciation for coming year.